

$\epsilon_{oss sano} = \epsilon_{oss protesi}$

portuale semplificata
sistema II



$$\epsilon_z = \frac{R_z}{2\pi R_{rep}^2} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{os}} + \frac{R_z}{\pi R_{om}^2} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{oc}} + \frac{R_z}{2\pi R_{rep}^2} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{os}}$$

$$\epsilon_{xy} = \frac{R_{xyr}}{\frac{2}{3}\pi R_{rep}^3} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{os}} + \frac{R_z}{2\pi R_{om} h_{om}} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{oc}^{xyr}} + \frac{R_{xyr}}{\frac{2}{3}\pi R_{rep}^3} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{os}}$$

parametri da determinare $\cdot \frac{1}{E_{os}}$

R_t
 R_{st}, h_{st}

$$\epsilon_z = \frac{R_z}{2\pi R_{test}^2} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{tes}} + \frac{R_z}{\pi(R_{om}^2 - R_{st}^2)} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{oc.R}} +$$

$$\frac{R_z}{\pi R_{rep}^2} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{osr}} + \frac{R_z}{\pi R_{st}^2} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{st}}$$



II





$$E_{xy} = \frac{R_{xy}}{\frac{2}{3} \pi R_{test}^3 \frac{1}{h_{test}}} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{TEST}} + \frac{R_{xy}}{2\pi R_{om} h_{om}} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{ocf}^{xy}} + \frac{R_{xy}}{2\pi R_{st} h_{st}} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{sf}}$$

$$+ \frac{R_{xy}}{\frac{2}{3} \pi R_{ep1}^3 \frac{1}{h_{ep1}}} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{os-res}}$$

$$\sigma_z = \sigma_{xy}$$

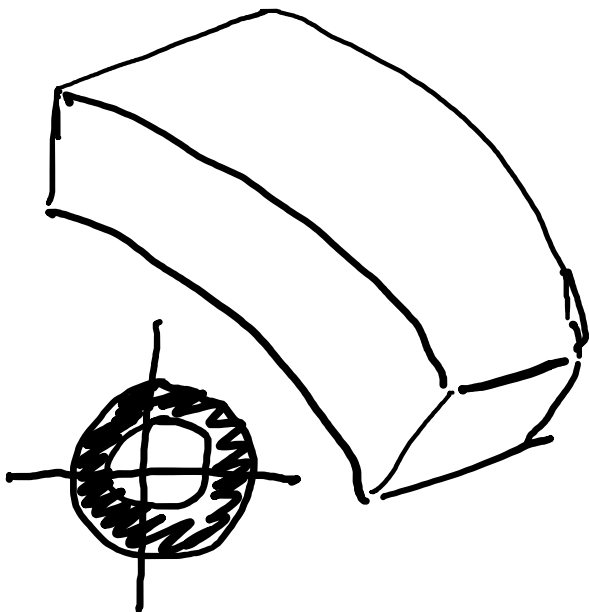
$$\frac{R_z}{\pi R_{st}^2} = \frac{R_{xy}}{2\pi R_{st} h_{st}}$$

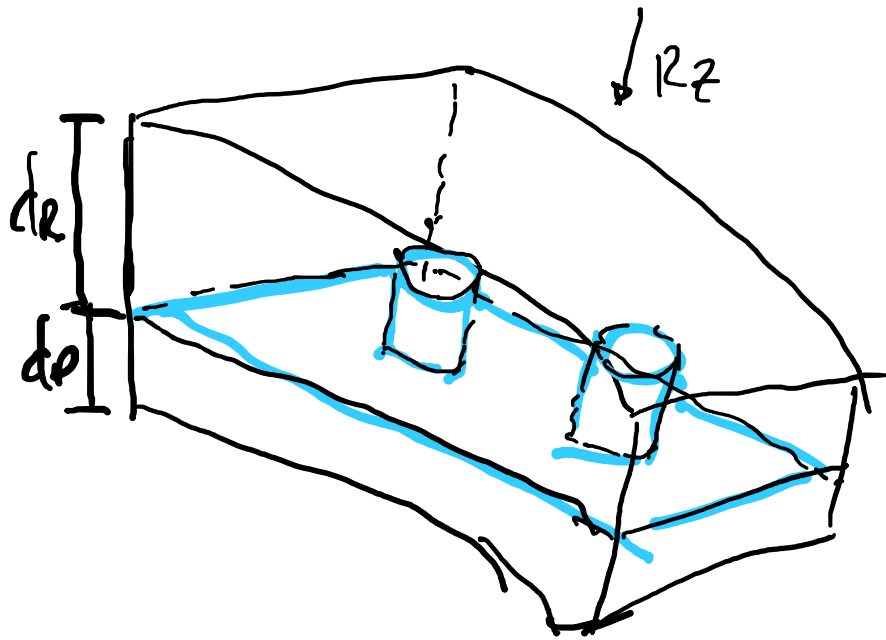
zona glenoidea osso compatto

superficie $\frac{1}{4}$ di sfera

$$E_z = \frac{R_z}{\pi R_{glenoide}^2} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{oc}^z}$$

$$E_{xy} = \frac{R_{xy}}{\frac{1}{4} \pi (R_{effgl}^2 - R_{intgl}^2)} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{oc}^{xy}}$$





parametri da determinare

$\Gamma_{p, hp}$

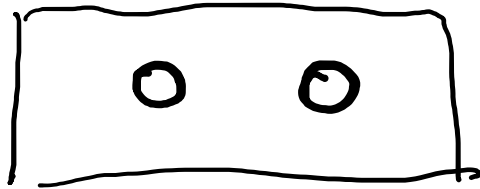
sp. glenoide.

$$\epsilon_z = \frac{R_z}{\pi R_{est}^2} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{ocor}} + \frac{R_z}{\pi (R_{int} + \delta_p)^2} \cdot \frac{1}{E_p}$$

$d_{glenoide} = R_{gl}^{est} - R_{gl}^{int} = d_{pr} + d_{res}$

$$\epsilon_{xy} = \frac{R_{xy}}{\frac{\pi}{4} [R_{est}^2 - (R_{int} + \delta_p)^2]} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{ocor}^{xy}} +$$

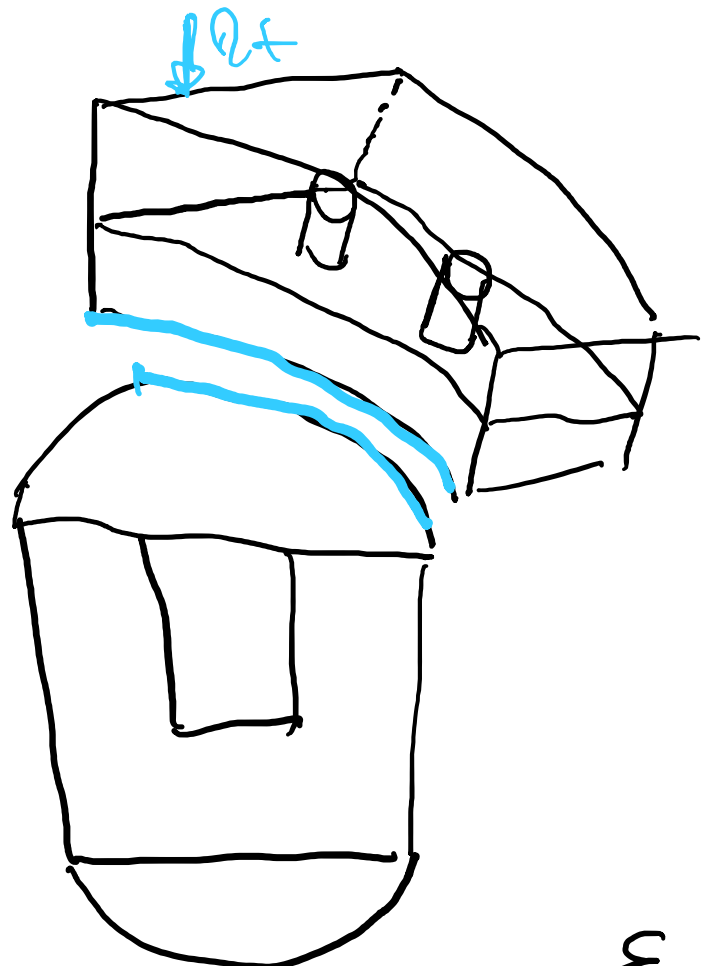
$$+ \frac{R_{xy}}{4\pi R_p h_p} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{pr}} + \frac{R_{xy}}{\frac{\pi}{4} [(R_{int} + \delta_p)^2 - R_{int}^2]} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{pr}}$$



$$G_z = 6 \times 4$$

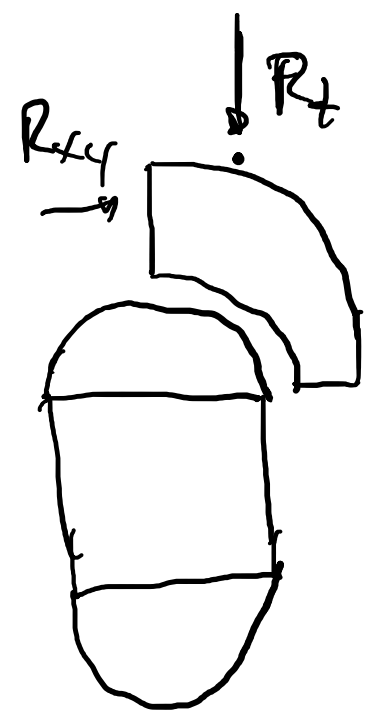
$$\frac{R_z}{\pi (R_{int} + \delta_p)^2} = \frac{R_{x,1}}{4 \pi R_p h_p}$$

$$\delta_p = R_{ext p} - R_{int p}$$

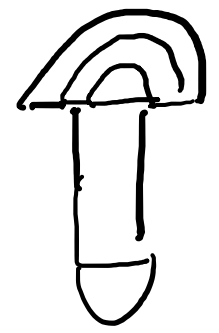


protesi

? p, hp
 δp
 2f
 2ct, hst



Sano

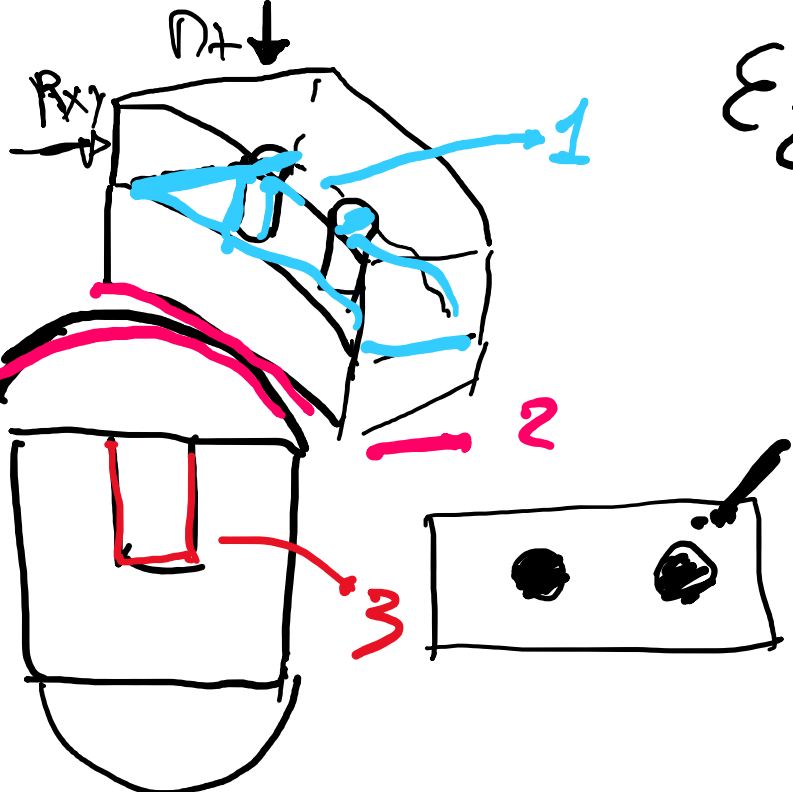


$$E_z = \frac{R_z}{\pi R_{est}^2} \frac{1}{E_{ocg}} + \frac{R_z}{2\pi R_{ep1}^2} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{os}} + \frac{R_z}{\pi R_{om}^2} \frac{1}{E_{ocm}}$$

$$+ \frac{R_z}{\pi R_{ep2}^2} \frac{1}{E_{os}}$$

$$E_{xy} = \frac{R_{xy}}{\frac{1}{4} \pi (R_{est}^2 - R_{di}^2)} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{ocg}} + \frac{R_{xy}}{\frac{2}{3} \pi \frac{R_{ep1}^3}{h_{ep1}}} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{os}} +$$

$$+ \frac{R_{xy}}{2\pi R_{om} h_{om}} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{oc,om}} + \frac{R_{xy}}{\frac{2}{3} \pi \frac{R_{ep2}^3}{h_{ep2}}} \cdot \frac{1}{E_{os}}$$



$$\epsilon_z = \frac{R_2}{\pi R_{est}^2} \frac{1}{\epsilon_{ocresg}} + \frac{R_2}{\pi (R_{intg} + \delta_0)^2} \cdot \frac{1}{\epsilon_{pr1}}$$

$$+ \frac{R_2}{2\pi R_{tes}^2} \cdot \frac{1}{\epsilon_{pr2}} + \frac{R_2}{\pi R_{st}^2} \cdot \frac{1}{\epsilon_{pr1}} + \frac{R_2}{\pi (R_{on} - R_{st})^2}$$

$$\cdot \frac{1}{\epsilon_z} + \frac{R_2}{\pi R_{ep2}^2} \cdot \frac{1}{\epsilon_{os.r}}$$

$$\epsilon_{xy} = \frac{R_{xy}}{\frac{1}{4} \pi [R_{estg}^2 - (R_{intg} + \delta_0)^2]} \cdot \frac{1}{\epsilon_{ocresg}} + \frac{R_{xy}}{4\pi R_{php}} \cdot \frac{1}{\epsilon_{pr1}} +$$

$$+ \frac{R_{xy}}{\frac{1}{4} \pi [(R_{intg} + \delta_0)^2 - R_{intg}^2]} \cdot \frac{1}{\epsilon_{pr1}} + \frac{R_{xy}}{2\pi R_{tes}^3} \cdot \frac{1}{\epsilon_{pr2}} + \frac{R_{xy}}{2\pi R_{on} h_{an}} \cdot \frac{1}{\epsilon_{cat}}$$

$$+ \frac{R_{xy}}{2\pi R_{st} h_{st}} \cdot \frac{1}{\epsilon_{pr2}} + \frac{R_{xy}}{2\pi R_{ep2}^3} \cdot \frac{1}{\epsilon_{os.r}}$$

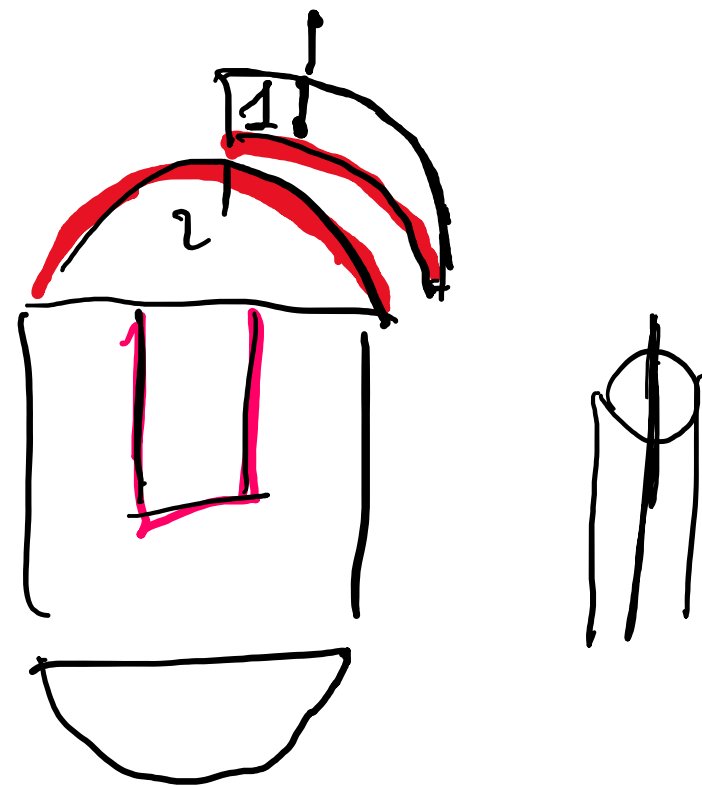
$$1) \frac{R_z}{\frac{\pi}{4} (R_{int}^2 + \delta p)^2} = \frac{R_{xy}}{4\pi R_p h_p}$$

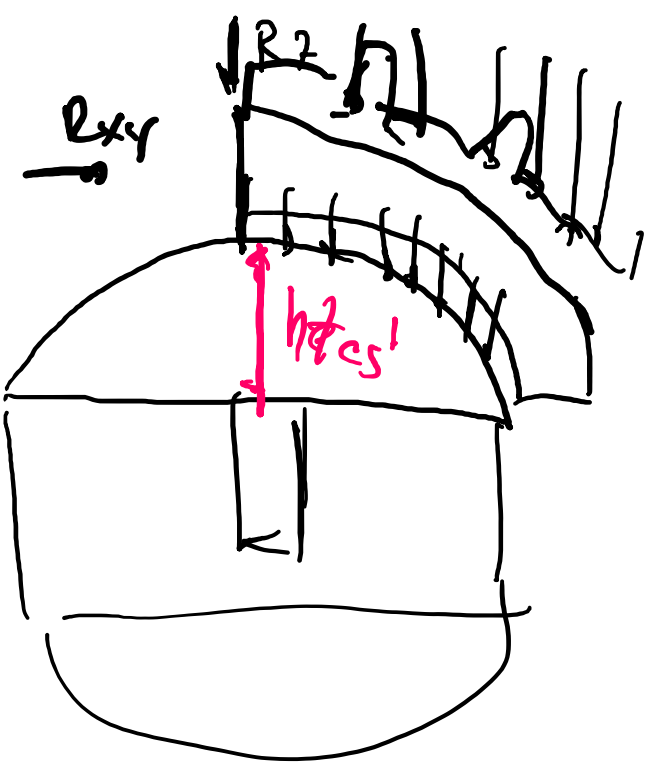
$$2) \frac{R_z}{\pi R_{int}^2} = \frac{R_{xy}}{\frac{2}{3}\pi \frac{R_{test}^3}{h_{test}}}$$

$$3) \frac{R_z}{\pi R_{st}^2} = \frac{R_{xy}}{2\pi R_{st} h_{st}}$$

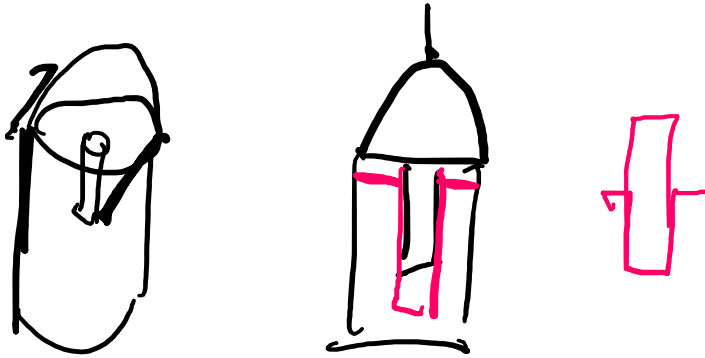
$$\sigma_T = \frac{M_{TOR} \cdot braccio}{J}$$

$$\sigma_b = \frac{M_b \cdot braccio}{I}$$

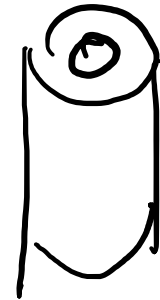




$$P_{\text{Ton}} = (R_o \cdot h_{\text{test}})$$



$$\sigma_T = \frac{P_{\text{Ton}} \cdot h_{\text{test}}}{J}$$



$$J = \frac{\pi}{2} (R_{\text{ext}}^4 - R_{\text{int}}^4)$$

$$J = \frac{\pi}{2} R_{\text{test}}^4$$

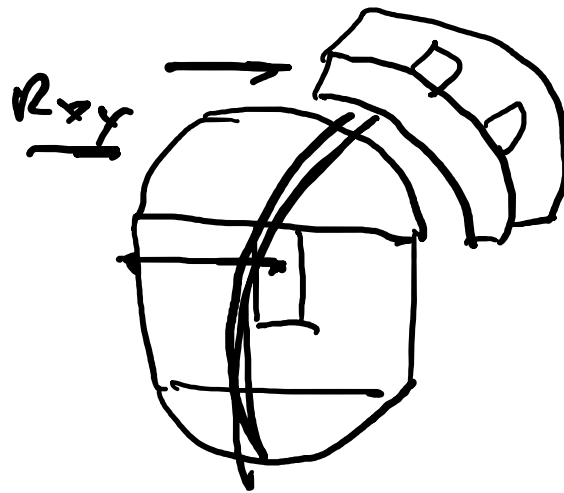
$$\sigma_T = \frac{P_{\text{Ton}} \cdot h_{\text{test}}}{\frac{\pi}{2} R_{\text{test}}^4}$$

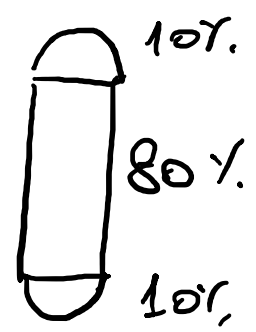
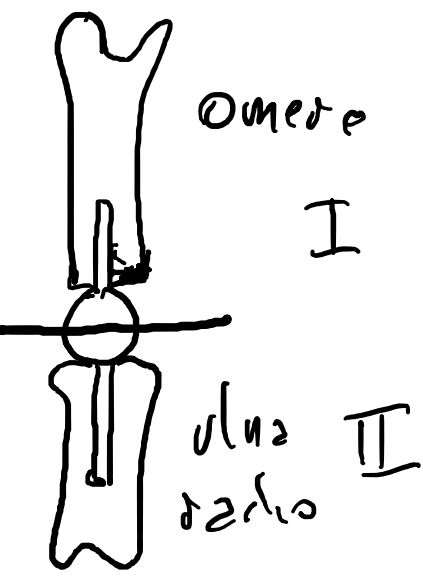
$$C_b = \frac{M_b \cdot \text{braccio}}{I}$$

$$M_b = \frac{(M_{vs} \cdot 20m) \cdot 90cm}{I}$$

$$I = \frac{\pi}{4} (R_{est}^4 - R_{int}^4)$$

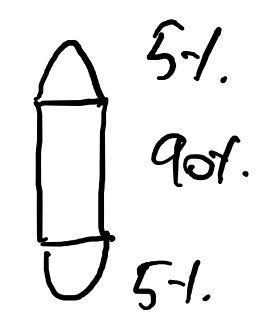
$$I = \frac{\pi}{4} [R_{est}^4 - R_{st}^4]$$





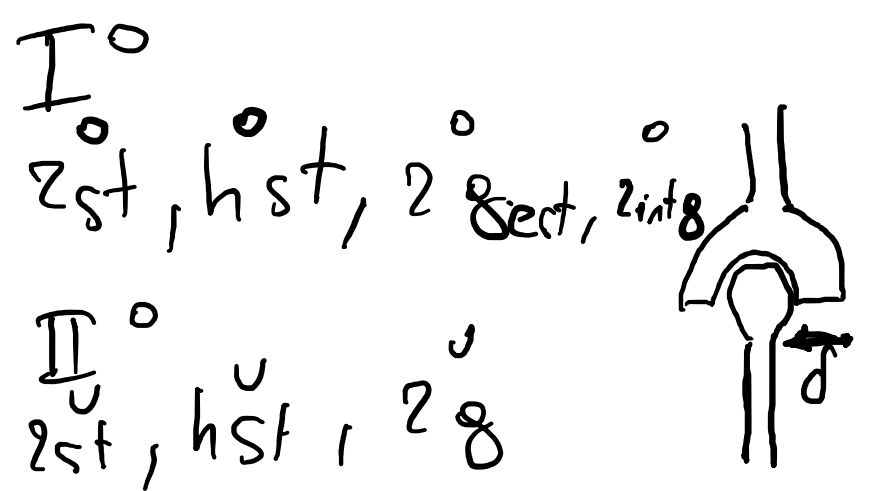
$$E_z^{om} = \frac{E_c^z E_s}{0.2 E_c^z + 0.8 E_s}$$

$$E_{xy}^{om} = 0.2 E_s + 0.8 E_c^{xy}$$

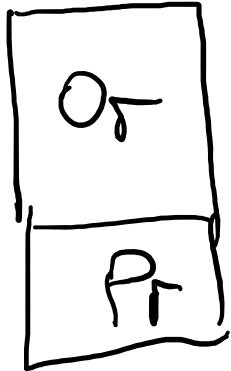
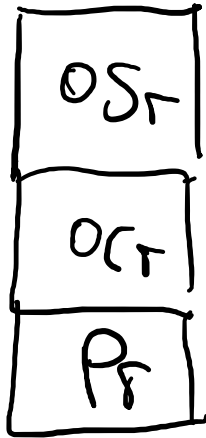


$$E_z^{ul} = \frac{E_c^z E_s}{0.1 E_c^z + 0.9 E_s}$$

$$E_{xy}^{ul} = 0.1 E_s + 0.9 E_c^{xy}$$



O mesale



$$E_z = \frac{E_{or}^z E_{pr}}{f_{pr} E_{or}^z + f_{or} E_{pr}}$$

$$E_{xy} = f_{pr} E_{pr} + f_{or} E_{or}^{-xy}$$

$$f_{pr} + f_{or} = 1$$

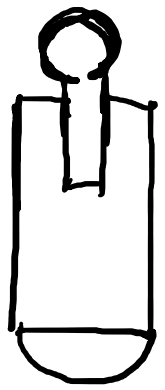
$$V_{TOT} = \frac{2\pi R_{ep}^3}{3} + \pi R_{on}^2 h_{ant}$$

$$+ \frac{2}{3} \pi (R_{estg}^3 - R_{intg}^3) \frac{R_z}{\pi R_{st}^2} = \frac{R_{xy}}{2\pi R_{st} h_{st}}$$

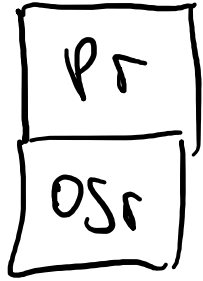
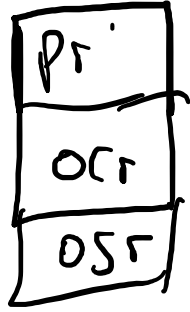
$$f_p = \frac{\frac{2}{3} \pi (R_{estg}^3 - R_{intg}^3) + \pi R_{st}^2 h_{st}}{V_{TOT}}$$

$$f_{or} = \frac{\frac{2}{3} \pi R_{ep}^3 + \pi R_{on}^2 h_{ant} - \pi R_{st}^2 h_{st}}{V_{TOT}}$$

$$R_{estg} \leq R_g$$



ULNADG



$$E_z = \frac{E_{pr} \cdot E_{or}^2 \cdot U_2}{\epsilon_p E_{or} U_2 + \epsilon_{or} \cdot E_{pr}}$$

$$E_{xy} = \epsilon_p E_{pr} + E_{or}^2 \cdot \epsilon_{or}$$

$$\epsilon_p + \epsilon_{or} = 1$$

$$r_{st}^{u_2}, h_{st}^{u_2}, r_{g.}^{u_2}$$

$$r_{g.}^{u_2} = r_{in}^{om}$$

$$V_{TOT} = \frac{2}{3} \pi R^3 \epsilon_{p u_2} + \pi R^2 u_2 \cdot h_{u_2} + \frac{4}{3} \pi R^3 \epsilon_{o u_2}$$

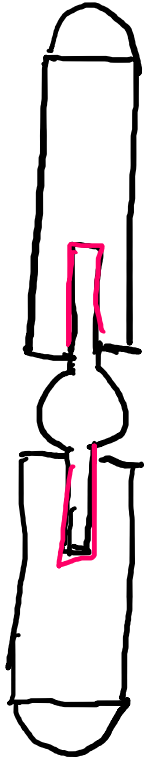
$$\epsilon_p = \frac{\pi R_{st}^2 h_{st} + \frac{4}{3} \pi R_{g.}^3 \epsilon_{o u_2}}{U_{TOT}}$$

U_{TOT}

$$\epsilon_{or} = \frac{\frac{2}{3} \pi R^3 \epsilon_{p u_2} + \pi R^2 u_2 h_{u_2} - \pi R_{st}^2 h_{st}}{U_{TOT}}$$

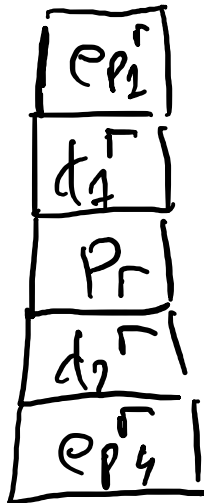
U_{TOT}

$R_{guz} + \delta_{gom} \rightarrow R_{gom}$

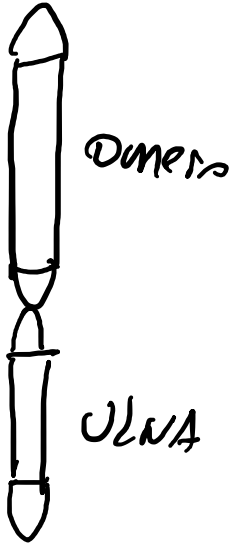
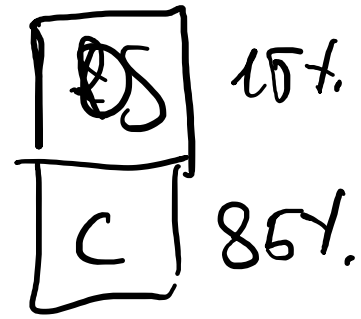
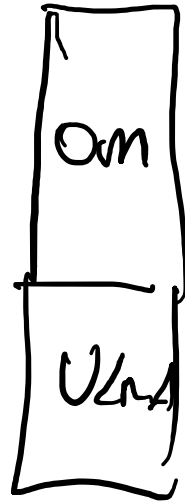
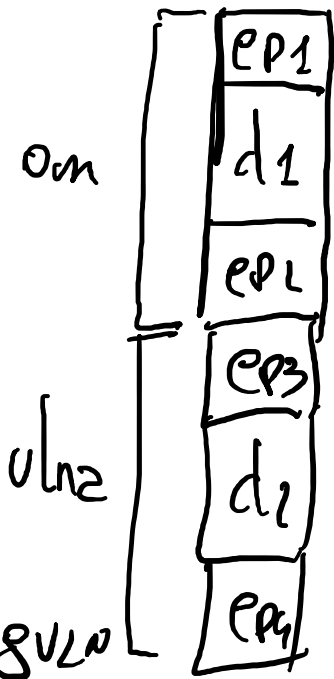
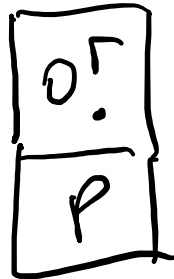
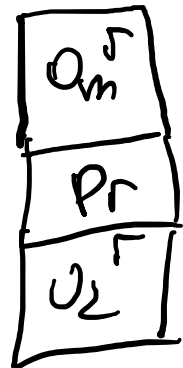


2st, hst
 2st, hst

2g
 2g_{uz}
 2int gom ⇒ 2g_{uz}
 2est gom.



⇒



$$E_z = \frac{E_{oc}^2 \cdot E_{os}}{0.15 E_{oc}^2 + 0.85 E_{os}}$$

$$E_{xy} = 0.15 E_{os} + 0.85 E_{oc}^{xy}$$

$$E_z = \frac{E_{or}^2 E_p}{f_p E_{or} + f_{or} E_p}$$

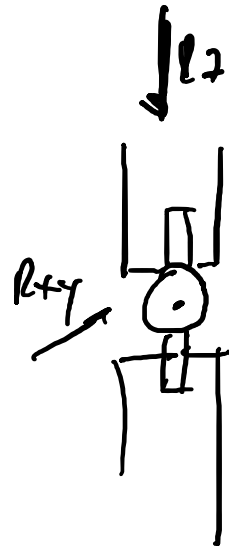
$$E_{xy} = f_{or} E_{or} + f_p E_p$$

$$f_{or} + f_p = 1$$

$$\frac{R_z}{\pi R_{stom}^2} = \frac{R_{xy}}{2\pi R_{stom} h_{stom}}$$

$$\frac{R_z}{\pi R_{stom}^2} = \frac{R_{xy}}{2\pi R_{stom} h_{stom}}$$

$$\sigma_{TOR} = \frac{\pi_{TOR} \cdot b}{J}$$



$$a) \pi_{TOR} = R_{xy} \cdot R_{\varnothing}$$

$$b) \pi_{TOR} = R_{xy} (R_{\varnothing_{ul}} + \delta_{gan})$$

$$a) \frac{R_{xy} R_{\varnothing}^2}{\frac{\pi}{2} R_{\varnothing}^4} = \sigma_{TOR} = \frac{R_{xy}}{\frac{\pi}{2} R_{\varnothing}^2}$$

$$b) \frac{R_{xy} (R_{\varnothing_{ul}} + \delta_{gan})^2}{\frac{\pi}{2} [(R_{\varnothing_{ul}} + \delta_{gan})^4 - R_{\varnothing_{ul}}^4]}$$